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The Ulna of the Common Brown Bat.—Dr. HARRISON ALLEN called attention to the ulna in the common Brown Bat, *Adelonycteris fusca*. The ulna in the Vespertilionidae had been described by some authors (e. g. de Blainville) as ending free in the muscles of the forearm. Dr. Allen believed he had demonstrated this arrangement in *Adelonycteris* and *Vespertilio*. Others assert that in all the bats the ulna is anchylosed to the shaft of the radius. Dr. Allen wished to revise his former statement¹ on this subject. In a fully adult specimen of the bones of the forearm which he had subjected to prolonged boiling, Dr. Allen found that the ulna by gentle traction could be separated from the radius and be traced as a slender filament along the entire length of the forearm and to end at the wrist joint. The arrangement in the adult, in this species at least, is, therefore, not different from that found in the embryo.

The following were ordered to be printed :—

¹Mon. N. A. Bats, 1894.